

But the automobile provides transportation to millions of people. (21) _____ discharge much of the material that pollutes air and water, but factories give employment to a large number of people. Thus, to end or greatly reduce pollutions (22) _____, people would have to stop using many things (23) _____ benefit them. Most people do not want to do that, of course. But pollution can be gradually reduces in several ways. Scientists and engineers can work to find ways to lessen the amount of pollution that such things as automobiles and factories cause. Government can pass and enforce laws that require businesses (24) _____ individuals to stop, or cut down on certain polluting activities.

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|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 17. A. pollution | B. pollute | C. polluted | D. polluting |
| 18. A. seriousness | B. serioused | C. seriously | D. serious |
| 19. A. many | B. much | C. a lot | D. a few |
| 20. A. to | B. with | C. in | D. of |
| 21. A. Hills | B. Mountains | C. Factories | D. Rivers |
| 22. A. immediate | B. immediately | C. slow | D. slowly |
| 23. A. when | B. where | C. that | D. who |
| 24. A. and | B. but | C. as | D. though |

B. PHẦN TỰ LUẬN: (4 points) (Thí sinh làm bài trực tiếp vào đề thi)

I. WORD FORMS (1 point/ 0.25 each): Give the correct form of the word in each bracket.

25. The computer is one of the most wonderful _____ in our modern age (INVENT)
 26. Fresh fruit and vegetables play an important part of a _____ diet. (HEALTH)
 27. Fashion designers have _____ the traditional Aodai. (MODERN)
 28. He drove his car _____, so he caused an accident. (CARE)

II. READING COMPREHENSION (1 point/ 0.25 each): Read the passage carefully and decide whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE.

I often hear or read about “natural disasters”, the eruption of Mount St. Helen, a volcano in the state of Washington; Hurricane Andrew in Florida; the floods in the American Midwest; terrible all over the world; huge fires; and so on and so on. But I’ll never forget my first personal experience with the strangeness of nature – “the London Killer Fog” of 1952. It began on Thursday, December 4, when a high – pressure system (warm air) covered southern England. With the freezing – cold air below, heavy fog formed. Pollution from factories, cars, and coal stoves mixed with the fog. The humidity was terrible high, there was no breeze at all. Traffic (cars, trains, and boats) stopped. People couldn’t see, and some walked onto the railroad tracks or into the river. It was hard to breathe, and many people got sick. Finally, on Tuesday, December 9, the wind came and the fog went away. But after that, even more people got sick. Many of them died.

	Statements	True	False
29.	A tornado isn’t mentioned in the text.		
30.	He will never forget his unforgettable personal experience.		
31.	“London Killer Fog” lasted for seven days.		
32.	Some people could walk onto the railroad tracks or into the rivers.		

III. WRITING (2 points/ 0.5 each): Finish the second sentence (according to the instruction in the bracket) so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

33. I can’t speak English as fluently. (*Rewrite the sentence, using “wish”*)

→ I wish _____

34. "I will visit Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum tomorrow" said Hoa. (*Change the sentence into reported speech*)

→ Hoa said _____

35. He doesn't have free time, so he doesn't visit his friends. (*Rewrite the sentence, using “If”*)

- If _____
36. It took Nam an hour a day to practice the piano. (*Rewrite the sentence, using "spent"*)
- Nam _____

___THE END___

